

Criminals Among Us?

Fingerprinting and Criminal Background Checks in Pre-WWII New York City

Tuesday, July 28, 2020, 5-6:30pm

Dan Ewert

Andrew W. Mellon Foundation Predoctoral Fellow in History Education

Speaker Bio: Dan Ewert is a PhD candidate in the History Department at Princeton University. His ongoing dissertation project, tentatively titled "The Civil Cage: Criminal Records and the American Shadow Carceral State, 1900-1980," examines the growing role of criminal records and law enforcement in screening applicants for civil benefits in the twentieth-century United States. Before beginning his doctoral work, Dan was a public defense investigator in Brooklyn and an educator at the Tenement Museum on the Lower East Side in Manhattan.

Lecture Outline

1. Introduction

2. A Brief History of Criminal Identification

- a. The rise of identification documents during the Industrial Revolution
- b. Early efforts: using words to describe suspects
- c. Criminal mugshots and the New York Police Department "Rogues' Gallery"
- d. Fingerprinting and centralization of criminal records in the 1920s and 1930s
- e. Video: "You Can't Get Away With It," 1936

3. Case Study One: The Case Murder

- a. Depression-Era anxieties: unemployment, migration, race, and crime
- b. Fingerprinting service workers in New York City's large, diverse working class
- c. Resistance by workers and the American Civil Liberties Union

4. Case Study Two: The Works Progress Administration

- a. The New Deal & the rights of people with criminal records to access work relief
- b. Which is more authoritative: a criminal record, or an employee's history on the iob?
- c. Lewis Valentine vs. Morris Ernst on the future of fingerprinting in America
- d. William Gropper's "FBI and Statue of Liberty," circa approximately 1940

5. Today's Fight to Reform the System

a. "Ban the Box" and "Fair Chance" reforms in an age of technological change

The Museum is grateful to The Andrew W. Mellon Foundation, which supports a Predoctoral Fellowship Program in History Education.

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Additional Reading

- Beckett, Katherine & Murakawa, Naomi. "Mapping the Shadow Carceral State: Toward an Institutionally Capacious Approach to Punishment," *Theoretical Criminology*, 16 (2) (April, 2012): 221–244.
- Cole, Simon. Suspect Identities: A History of Fingerprinting and Criminal Identification. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 2001.
- Jacobs, James. The Eternal Criminal Record. Cambridge: Harvard University Press, 2015.
- Pavlich, George. "The Subjects of Criminal Identification," *Punishment & Society*, 11 (2) (April, 2009): 171–190.
- Sekula, Allan. "The Body and the Archive," October, Winter, 1986, Vol. 39 (Winter, 1986): 3-64.
- Walker, Samuel. *In Defense of American Liberties: A History of the ACLU*. New York: Oxford University Press, 1990.

Resources on "Ban the Box" Reform

"Fact Sheet: Research Supports Fair-Chance Policies," *National Employment Law Project*, August 2016. Access at: https://s27147.pcdn.co/wp-content/uploads/Fair-Chance-Ban-the-Box-Research.pdf

Avery, Beth. "Ban the Box: U.S. Cities, Counties, and States Adopt Fair-Chance Policies to Advance Employment Opportunities for People with Past Convictions," *National Employment Law Project*, July 2019. Access at: https://s27147.pcdn.co/wp-content/uploads/Ban-the-Box-Fair-Chance-State-and-Local-Guide-July-2019.pdf

Resources on Collateral Consequences of Conviction

National Inventory of Collateral Consequences of Conviction: niccc.csgjusticecenter.org

American Bar Association, "Collateral Consequences of Criminal Convictions: Judicial Bench Book," *National Criminal Justice Reference Service*, March 2018. Access at: www.ncjrs.gov/pdffiles1/nij/grants/251583.pdf

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